# READING ESSENTIALS 2 STUDENT WORKBOOK 

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NSCC

Nova Scotia
(c)(i)(ㅇ) (ㅇ)

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## ABOUT THE MANUAL

## LAND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

NSCC is located in Mi'kma'ki, the unceded territory and traditional homeland of the Mi'kmaq Nation. Our relationship is based on a series of peace and friendship treaties between the Mi'kmaq Nation and the Crown, dating back to 1725. As Treaty beneficiaries, we recognize that we are all Treaty People.

## AUTHORS

Created by Meredith Hutchings, Jocelyn Boyd-Johnson \& Nancy Harvey for use in the Reading Essentials 1 course at the Nova Scotia Community College.

## 47. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

| List 1 | brain |
| :--- | :--- |
| virtue | revue |
| crossroad | subdue |
| milkmaid | goad |
| roast | esteem |
| canteen | floated |
| statue | coached |
| charcoal | discreet |
| sweepstake | encroach |
| shoal | chimpanzee |

1. Joan and Ricky got a sailboat to travel along the coast of Maine.
2. Their trip there gave them a chance to try blue crab.
3. Do you tweet on Twitter, or do you only send emails?
4. What breed of dog does Lenny have and is it well trained?

## REVIEW WORDS

| unseemly | conversely |
| :--- | :--- |
| training | verve |
| vie | aftermath |
| misconstrue | lengthwise |
| wheely | birthplace |
| bloated | disgrace |
| soapy | reception |
| hoaxes | concept |
| genteel | gestation |
| constrained | versions |
| committees | practice |
| subdue | tinge |
| coasting | sledgehammer |
| slashes | smudge |
| entertainers | tiny |

## WHAT SAYS?

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 

## REVIEW

Vowel Team Syllable
In a vowel team syllable, two vowels come together to make a vowel sound.
ai, chain, $/ \overline{\mathrm{a}} /$
ie, pie, / $/$ /
ue, cue, / $\overline{\mathrm{u}} /$
ee, green feet, /e/;
oa, boat, / $\bar{o} /$;
ue, blue, /oo/

## PRACTICE

1. Add the suffix 'ly' to make these words into adverbs:
keen
meek $\qquad$
unwavering
reported
2. Add the suffix that means 'in the past':
obtain___
deem $\qquad$
regard $\qquad$
scar $\qquad$
3. Form the possessive singular and the possessive plural for these nouns using 's or s'.

| Subject Noun | Possession | Singular Possessive | Plural Possessive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| girl | dimples |  |  |
| waitress | shift |  |  |
| member | fees |  |  |
| trucker | lunch |  |  |
| ship | sails |  |  |

4. Identify words in these contractions

| should've | they're | we've |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| she's | couldn't | I've |
| can't | you'll | don't |

5. Make contractions

| would not | you are | could have |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| they have | will not | they are |
| I am | you have | would not |

## 48. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

| List 1 | cleeble |
| :--- | :---: |
| feeble | plaple |
| ladle | trotle |
| staple | flimfle |
| trifle | dukle |
| thimble | scroptle |
| bugle | burdle |
| pimple | brigle |

1. Do you think you can bundle all the papers up in time to dispose them in the trash?
2. It was so relaxing on our trip to Portland that for once I was able to be idle.
3. The bridle on the horse will need to be fixed before you ride him, or you will go for a tumble.
4. I am going to have to take a rest for a while because my temples are throbbing from all this work.

## List 2

$\qquad$ muz
sup $\qquad$
top $\qquad$ ap $\qquad$
pad $\qquad$ muf
whit $\qquad$ gig $\qquad$

1. Albert has so much stubble on his face that Lucy is finding it hard to cuddle up to him.
2. Colleen said to get rid of all the rubble to make it better for her to hobble over on her crutches.
3. I cannot stand to hear the baby cry, so we had better find where you put the nipple for her bottle before she starts.
4. Did you notice that the baby has dimples in her cheeks?

## REVIEW WORDS

| bubble | batches |
| :--- | :--- |
| keener | loader |
| sizzle | obtained |
| waitress | reproach |
| absentee | reportedly |
| unwaveringly | fingernails |
| meekly | regarded |
| swarthy | hollandaise |
| coddle | digestive |
| amble | boastingly |
| dues | batty |
| rancid | deemed |
| dimple | scarred |
| silky | romaine |
| vie | cozy |

## WHAT SAYS?

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

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10.

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 
12. 

## REVIEW

## Consonant-le Syllable

6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 

.

These are 'consonant le syllables. In a consonant le syllable, a consonant is followed by le. Count back 3 letters from the end to divide these syllables from
others. This is another job of e. The 'e' is silent but is a visual marker that there is a vowel sound in this syllable which is unstressed / $\partial /$. You now have all 6 syllable types. Cle will always be found in 2 or more syllable words, and will always be at the end of a word.

Other syllable types can be the 1st syllable -
closed as in handle
r-controlled as in gargle
open as in table
vowel team as in beetle.

## PRACTICE

Add the suffix 'ly' to make these words into adverbs:
keen $\qquad$
meek $\qquad$
unwavering $\qquad$
reported $\qquad$

Add the suffix that means 'in the past':
$\qquad$
deem $\qquad$
regard $\qquad$
scar $\qquad$

| Subject Noun | Possession | Singular Possessive | Plural Possessive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| girl | dimples |  |  |
| waitress | shift |  |  |
| member | fees |  |  |
| trucker | lunch |  |  |
| ship | sails |  |  |

Identify words in these contractions

| should've | they're | we've |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| she's | couldn't | I've |
| can't | you'll | don't |

## Make contractions

| would not | you are | could have |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| they have | will not | they are |
| I am | you have | would not |

## 49. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

share
rainwear
hardware
pear

1. It was so hard not to stare at the photo, it reminded me of my old home.
2. Gail is such an overbearing person.
3. A rabbit's ears are shorter than those of a hare.
4. Did you pare the skin from the pear, or did you eat it with the skin?
5. It is rare to find a four-leaf clover.

## List 2

berry
ferry
cherry
merry
sherry

1. Will you take the ferry to get from Halifax to Dartmouth?
2. Which do you like better, cherry or apple pie?
3. Fill up the jerry can with gas just in case.

## REVIEW WORDS

| maid | boldly |
| :--- | :--- |
| fleet | rarely |
| care | ferry |
| berry | jury |
| worrying | mare |
| quarry | blue |
| tie | molding |
| small | wildest |
| coated | longer |

## WHAT SAYS?

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 
12. 
13. 
14. 
15. 
16. 
17. 
18. 

REVIEW
Chunks
are (care), ear (bear), erry (merry)

## PRACTICE

| hare | wear | ferry | tearing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| square | merry | bear | scare |

1. Will you drive over to PEI on the $\qquad$ ,or will you drive over on the bridge?
2. We wish you a $\qquad$ Christmas!
3. The hair on a $\qquad$ is the same as the hair on a rabbit.
4. The film we went to see will $\qquad$ the pants off you.
5. Is this shape a $\qquad$ or a rectangle?
6. What will you $\qquad$ to the party on Saturday?
7. I was so frustrated that I felt like $\qquad$ up the whole essay.
8. I'm not sure if I'd run or if I'd freeze up if I saw a $\qquad$

## 50. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

Add suffix 'ing' to these words.

| Word | New Spelling |
| :--- | :--- |
| inflate |  |
| deserve |  |
| shave |  |
| paddle |  |
| enrage |  |
| pace |  |

Add suffix 'ed to these words.

| Word | New Spelling |
| :--- | :--- |
| curve |  |
| force |  |
| crave |  |
| dribble |  |
| scrape |  |
| phrase |  |

1. The old plans for revision of the centre were phased out and replaced with new ones.
2. The unruly twins defaced the walls by marking them up with paints they got for their birthday.
3. My dog Weeble trampled through the lovely tulips while chasing Stacy the cat.
4. Mmmmm, the spices you used, and the braising of that beef is why it tasted so fantastic.
5. Delivery of the customized sofa I ordered for decorating the office will not take place until next week.

## REVIEW WORDS

| Add the suffix for 'one who', |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| advise | sweep |
| bank | drive |
| swim |  |

Add the suffix for comparing three or more.
wise
bold
brave
red

## Add 'tion' or 'sion'

situate
suspense
complete
corporate
impress

WHAT SAYS?
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 

## REVIEW

Drop the 'e' Spelling Generalization
When a word ends with the letter 'e', and a vowel suffix is added, drop the e and then add the vowel suffix.

## PRACTICE

Add the suffix for 'happened in the past' to these words.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { stare__-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_-_ } \\
& \text { store_-_-_ } \\
& \text { trade_-_ }
\end{aligned}
$$

flare
date $\qquad$

Add the suffix for 'full of' to these words.
scare $\qquad$
wave $\qquad$
sun
fun
shade
$\qquad$

Add the suffix for 'happening now' to these words.
stare
fade $\qquad$ make
shake share_________-_

## 51. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

| List 1 | alive |
| :--- | :--- |
| extra | vodka |
| aside | arose |
| Debra | cobra |
| alone | villa |

1. The volcano in Kenya started to erupt a long time ago. What came out of it? Hot, melted rock spilled from it onto the delta.
2. Their grandpa and grandma came to their home. What'll they all do when they arrive? They will have a huge hug and then read on the sofa.
3. He likes films circa the 1950's with ultra-funny plot lines adapted from old paperbacks.

## List 2

Add - ance to these words.

| abund___-_ | domin___-_ |
| :--- | :--- |
| intoler_-_-_-_ | expect__-_-_ |
| repent_-_-_ |  |

Add -ence to these words.

```
perman
``` \(\qquad\)
confid \(\qquad\)
depend \(\qquad\)
frequ \(\qquad\)
pertin \(\qquad\)

Add -able to these words.
profit \(\qquad\)
adopt \(\qquad\)
float \(\qquad\)
Add -ible to these words.
comprehend \(\qquad\)
impress \(\qquad\)
deduct \(\qquad\)
corrupt
Add -age to these words.
crib \(\qquad\) block \(\qquad\)
drain \(\qquad\) salv \(\qquad\)
Use the 'drop the e' spelling with these words and add -able. Why do we drop the e? like \(\qquad\) note \(\qquad\)
live \(\qquad\)
Keep the 'e' with these words and add - able. Why does the e need to stay for these spellings? trace \(\qquad\) change___-_ manage \(\qquad\)
1. Melvin has a high tolerance for pain and kept his ailment to himself for a while until he couldn't stand the pain any longer.
2. He also didn't want to bother anyone and that increased his reluctance to making us aware of the discomfort he was feeling.
3. Have you noticed that when you get ready to place your name at the end of a contract there is always that fine print that is barely readable?
4. What's the difference between that blue and this blue?
5. In most cases it's about whether or not the agency you purchased the products from cannot be held accountable if the deliverable date of your goods is not met.
6. Please don't forget to pick up postage stamps at the post office in Shopper's since you're going in to fill your prescription.
7. Which one of you is responsible for making this lovely dinner?
8. It'll save you standing in line at the counter and waiting if you also get some of the Band-Aid bandages that are on sale.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
awoke & digestible \\
atone & edible \\
Aladdin & forcible \\
Alaska & legible \\
tundra & sensible \\
wisdom & turbulent \\
gotten & steeped \\
final & decent \\
blossom & juggled \\
phantom & teenager \\
abundance & placed \\
acceptance & placated \\
insurance & ultra \\
observance & tangent \\
reluctance & aloft
\end{tabular}

WHAT SAYS?
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}
schwa 'a' - Alaska - /ŭ/ - 'a' says /ŭ/ in an unstressed syllable vowel suffix -ance - /Once/ - turns adjectives into nouns;
vowel suffix -ence - /Once/ - turns adjectives into nouns;
vowel suffix able, /ŭbəl/, turns verbs into adjectives;
vowel suffix ible, /ŭbəl/, turns verbs into adjectives;
vowel suffix age - /Oge/ - forms nouns.

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. What type of syllable? Place a checkmark in the correct column.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Syllable & Closed & Open & VCe & R-Controlled & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Vowel \\
Team
\end{tabular} & Cle \\
\hline baf & & & & & & \\
\hline fle & & & & & & \\
\hline nee & & & & & & \\
\hline dle & & & & & & \\
\hline la & & & & & & \\
\hline cle & & & & & & \\
\hline war & & & & & & \\
\hline ble & & & & & & \\
\hline crin & & & & & & \\
\hline kle & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. Complete the following chart. Write your answers in the spaces below each given word.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Add the suffix for 'in the \\
past'
\end{tabular} & value & propel & confer & bar & crane \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l} 
Add the suffix for 'one \\
who'
\end{tabular} & dodge & outfit & dive & win & jive \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. Add the following suffixes to these base words. Which spelling is used (the ' \(1+1+1\) ', or the 'drop the \(\mathrm{e}^{\prime}\) )?
a. 'ed' to charge? \(\qquad\)
b. 'ing' to begin?
4. ch or tch?
sti_____
per \(\qquad\) _ed
unma
(um
\(\qquad\) ed
5. c, k, or ck?
mee
s_____illset
cli_____ers
6. ge or dge?
le
flan
\(\qquad\)
pa_____work scor_____ing
dis_____rete
____omprehended
pu_____ plun___
mer \(\qquad\)

\section*{52. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
List 1 & identity \\
sensitive & controversy \\
substitute & Canada \\
practicum & holiday \\
terminate & Jupiter \\
obliterate & discovery \\
magnificent & university \\
partition & \\
horrible &
\end{tabular}

\section*{List 2}

Add 'al' to these words.
```

princip

```
\(\qquad\)
cor \(\qquad\) norm

Add 'an' to these words.
org \(\qquad\)
Germ \(\qquad\)
Manhatt \(\qquad\)
Add 'en' to these words.
abdom \(\qquad\)
barr \(\qquad\)
citiz \(\qquad\)
Add 'et' to these words.
brisk \(\qquad\)
cabin \(\qquad\)
hatch
Add 'on' to these words.
butt \(\qquad\)
pers \(\qquad\)
bac \(\qquad\)
Add 'om' to these words.
ven \(\qquad\)
rans \(\qquad\)
cust \(\qquad\)
1. Her random symptoms in her colon caused her entire family to be concerned about her.
2. They felt abandoned because they seldom got the chance to get together.
3. Jennifer yelped when she was bitten through her jacket by the wasp.
4. When she saw what happened to the citron flavoured icing, she cried.
5. The officer wore a jacket that had metal buttons made of brass.
6. The marksman won the competition over the other shooters.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
origin
apricots
communication
captivity
abandon
gotten
critical
person
blossom
division

WHAT SAYS?
benefit
telescope
incident
explanatory
attack
lemonade
attacking
striving
assets
bracketed
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
12.
14.
15.
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}
i says / \(1 /\) in an unstressed syllable
examples: president (3), maximum (3), compliment (3)
unstressed vowels say / u/
examples: \(\mathrm{ab} / \mathrm{so} /\) lute (3), ar/se/nic (3), syl/la/ble (3)
unstressed vowels take their short sound
example: cel/e/brate (3)
Unstressed Word Endings include: -al, -en, -et, -om, -on

Any vowel can be unstressed, especially in the middle of a word. Be prepared to change a middle vowel sound to unstressed /ŭ/ or its short sound, to decode words.

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Underline the medial schwa vowel, or the schwa common word ending.
\begin{tabular}{lc} 
origin & apricots \\
communication & seldom \\
terrible & happen \\
benefit & hospital
\end{tabular}
2. Place a checkmark in the correct column.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Word & Closed & VCe & Open & R-Controlled & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Vowel \\
Team
\end{tabular} & Cle \\
\hline al & & & & & & \\
\hline though & & & & & & \\
\hline en & & & & & & \\
\hline coun & & & & & & \\
\hline ter & & & & & & \\
\hline at & & & & & & \\
\hline tack & & & & & & \\
\hline lem & & & & & & \\
\hline on & & & & & & \\
\hline ade & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. Add the suffix given to each word.
```

dizzy+ing+ ly
prime + ed
hope + ing
hug + ed
ripe + er
prim + er
quiz + ed
fine + est
tolerate + ed
name + less

```

\section*{53. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}
\begin{tabular}{lc} 
List 1 & clinic \\
cavern & study \\
rapid & menu \\
tonic & magic \\
proper & banish \\
river & solid \\
civic & timid \\
punish & \\
limit &
\end{tabular}

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
tacit & rivet \\
vomit & conducive \\
suburb & sinister \\
presence & punish \\
quiver & tornado \\
novelty & designate \\
WHAT SAYS? &
\end{tabular}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
1.
2.
3.

REVIEW
Syllable Division VC/V
If the first syllable divides after the consonant the vowel has a short vowel sound. Example: căb/in

\section*{PRACTICE}

Circle the unstressed common word endings. Underline the unstressed suffixes.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
ribbon & seasoning \\
homage & unmanageable \\
blossom & locket \\
sustenance & rivet \\
kingdoms & forgotten
\end{tabular}

Add the suffix for 'in the past' to these words.
atomize
compartmentalize
dredge
inscribe
subscribe
submit

Add the suffix for 'happening now' to these words.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
describe & star \\
cite & manage \\
plan & occur
\end{tabular}

Circle the unstressed common word endings. Underline the unstressed suffixes.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
ribbon & seasoning \\
homage & unmanageable \\
blossom & locket \\
sustenance & rivet \\
kingdoms & forgotten
\end{tabular}

Add the suffix for 'in the past' to these words.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
describe & star \\
cite & manage \\
plan & occur
\end{tabular}

Add the suffix for 'comparing three or more' to these words.
brave
hot
safe
1. What type of syllable? Place a checkmark in the correct column.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Syllable & Closed & VCe & Open & R-Controlled & Vowel Team & Cle \\
\hline tor & & & & & & \\
\hline na & & & & & & \\
\hline do & & & & & & \\
\hline sub & & & & & & \\
\hline urb & & & & & & \\
\hline nov & & & & & & \\
\hline el & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{54. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
List 1 & deals \\
sealed & weakest \\
repeated & streamers \\
dreaming & teasing \\
squeaky & breamed \\
healing & deagle \\
cheater & dispreaphing \\
defeated & cleable \\
beaded & zeaze \\
jeans & queatle \\
speaker & repreal \\
feasted & desleaming \\
leading &
\end{tabular}
1. We went to the beach on Sunday and I treated myself as well as all of the children to ice cream sodas.
2. Will the next leap year come in 2019 or will it be in 2020?
3. If you intend to keep your marks up, you will need to read the entire sixteen chapters and not just leaf through some of the pages.
4. Delbert has been switched to the Steaming Bases Team and will be joining them for the playoffs.
5. We reserved twenty seats in the bleachers for the upcoming game they will have against the team from Atlanta.

\section*{List 2}
headgear
break
breakable
abreast
feathery
cleanse
1. The entire cast of the production leapt with glee and felt a sense of peace when they saw the great report in the paper about their play.
2. She meant to spread the wealth around but then she decided to keep it for herself instead!
3. Even though Anna was the head of the clan, she handled a great deal of the day-to-day workload when required.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
medical & \begin{tabular}{l} 
streaked \\
threat \\
pleated \\
concerts
\end{tabular} \\
headstrong & \begin{tabular}{l} 
haggling \\
swarthy
\end{tabular} \\
dispensing & electrical \\
plainest & bleakest \\
intervene & treaty \\
flea & \begin{tabular}{l} 
leading \\
bail
\end{tabular} \\
continent & arsenic \\
steadfast & absolutely \\
Atlantic & squealed \\
heavy & \\
WHAT SAYS? & \\
1. & 6. \\
2. & 7. \\
3. & 8. \\
4. & 9. \\
5. & 10.
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ea }- \text { meat }-/ \overline{\mathrm{e}} / \\
& \text { ea }- \text { bread }-/ \mathrm{e} / \\
& \text { ea }- \text { steak }-/ \overline{\mathrm{a}} /
\end{aligned}
\]

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Which sound is it? Place a checkmark in the column.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Word & \(\overline{\mathbf{a}}\) & \(\breve{\mathbf{e}}\) & \(\overline{\mathbf{E}}\) \\
\hline streak & & & \\
\hline steak & & & \\
\hline least & & & \\
\hline cleanse & & & \\
\hline eager & & & \\
\hline deacon & & & \\
\hline peasant & & & \\
\hline weather & & & \\
\hline gear & & & \\
\hline breath & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. Underline the vowel team in these words. Read each word.
chaining
appealed
bleakest
heaven
screened
coastal
tiptoe
doe
threatened
3. Underline the suffix. Scoop the syllables.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
sweaty & dreaming \\
trailers & scatterbrained \\
increasing & refugees \\
explaining & breaded \\
approaches & sweaters
\end{tabular}

\section*{List 1}

Latin root 'ject' - to throw
subject
inject
dejected

Latin root 'struct' - to build
construct
instruct
destruct

Latin root 'tract' - to pull
subtract
extract
retract
1. Lorne couldn't hide his attraction to Sandy from the first time he laid eyes on her.
2. The instructions for operating this equipment may as well be in Chinese.
3. Many writers face rejection of their manuscripts over and over, but they keep trying other publishers until the manuscript is accepted.
4. It is hard to pay attention to homework with all the distractions from the children.

\section*{List 2}
```

musi

```
\(\qquad\)
traff \(\qquad\)
drast \(\qquad\)
plast \(\qquad\)
phob___-_
fantast \(\qquad\)
gastr \(\qquad\)
eccentr \(\qquad\)
1. Many of the artifacts from the Titanic have sold for millions.
2. What did you do to the fabric after it was infested by beetles?
3. She said that gardening made her feel like she is connected to the entire cosmic world.
4. Martin was absolutely frantic that he couldn't find his cell phone.

\section*{List 3}

Add 'ct' to these words.
infe \(\qquad\)
infe \(\qquad\) ing
infe \(\qquad\) _ed
abstra \(\qquad\)
abstra \(\qquad\) _s
dedu
evi \(\qquad\)
inta \(\qquad\)
inse \(\qquad\)
prote \(\qquad\) ed
dire \(\qquad\)
1. The impact from the crash made a huge dent in the driver's side of the car.
2. Yuck! We had to dissect a frog and some mice in class today.
3. The film Judy watched had a huge effect on her and reduced her to tears.
4. A faint smell of paint lingered and was detected on entering the office.

\section*{List 4}

Add 'ture' to these words.
frac
lec \(\qquad\)
struc \(\qquad\)
1. Will you take a chance on getting a self-driving car in the future?
2. Abe got a picture of Jenny's face as she entered her surprise party and taped it up on the wall.
3. Have you noticed how a baby's face seems filled with adventure when they take their first steps?
4. It's pure torture when you're waiting for the marks on projects and tests.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
tangled & crumble \\
decreased & explains \\
culture & gritty \\
gained & superbly \\
extinct & concealed \\
tincture & undetected \\
compact & pasture \\
injects & rainy \\
inflicted & fretted \\
drastic & furniture \\
WHAT SAYS? &
\end{tabular}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
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REVIEW

Spelling Patterns
The 'ct' ending in words indicates the Latin layer in the English language.

The 'ic' ending in words indicates the Latin layer in the English language. It iis used at the end of words with more than one syllable.

Latin Roots
Latin root ject - /jĕkt/ - means to throw
Latin root struct - /strŭkt/ - means to build

Latin root tract - /trăkt/ - means to pull

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Circle the Latin root in these words
projected
instructing
retracts
dejection
deconstructed
contraction
subjects
distracted
rejects
construction
subtracting
rejecting
reconstructed
obstruction
2. Add the suffix for 'happening now' to these words.
rupture \(\qquad\)
trudge \(\qquad\)
replace \(\qquad\)
capture \(\qquad\)
3. Add the suffix for 'in the past' to these words.

deface
lecture \(\qquad\)

\section*{List 1}

Add pre- to these words.
_____fix
\(\qquad\)
_bill
_cede
_____tend
_____sent
_____order
_____check
_____clude
_____dict
_____empt
_____fab
_____lude
1. They'll premix the concrete under the scaffold and take it up to the staging in a hurry.
2. They were planners so they preplanned the event from start to end down to the last detail.
3. He's going to prerecord the music for Jane's wedding to make sure there are no mistakes in the program.

\section*{List 2}

Add prefix de- to these words.
\(\qquad\)
caf
\(\qquad\) compose
\(\qquad\)
___-_ compress
_____cant

Add prefix dis- to these words.
\(\qquad\) _____close
\(\qquad\) _____card
\(\qquad\) _____content

Add prefix re- to these words.
_____post
_____verse
\(\qquad\) word

Add prefix un- to these words.
\(\qquad\) tie
\(\qquad\)
_____safe
_____claim
_____warm
\(\qquad\) brand
4. Reinforce the stitching so it does not fall apart.
5. Unclench your fist so you can hold the pencil correctly.

\section*{List 3}

Add prefix non- to these words.
_____destructive
\(\qquad\) caking
_____cling

Add prefix pro- to these words.
\(\qquad\)
tract
_____ceed
______fess
_____content
1. Each child gets to pick the program one day a week, and it saves arguments over the tv.
2. I've passed that place hundreds of times, but it's so nondescript that I didn't notice it.
3. He's a non-drinker, but Robert can party and dance just as hard or harder because he doesn't drink.
4. If you get the chance, you should try the non-alcoholic beer, it's not that bad.

\section*{List 4}

Add chameleon prefix ac- to these words.
_____tivate
\(\qquad\) _rid
_-__-_ cent
_____ronym
Add chameleon prefix ad- to these words.
\(\qquad\) vise
\(\qquad\)
mit
\(\qquad\) vent

Add chameleon prefix com- to these words.
_____pete
_____plete
_____plain
Add chameleon prefix con- to these words.
\(\qquad\) duct
\(\qquad\) strain
\(\qquad\) strict

Add chameleon prefix cor- to these words.
\(\qquad\) rect
_____roded
_____ruptly
Add chameleon prefix im- to these words.
_____pass
_____plore
_____mense
Add chameleon prefix in- to these words.
\(\qquad\)
duct
_-__ tense
\(\qquad\) struction
\(\qquad\) bine
vance
_____man
\(\qquad\) vice
press
_____mend
firm
_____t
tent
\(\qquad\) tent
_____r relate
_____r responding
_____ ..... rects
____-p

plode
press
_____pede _still
\(\qquad\) tent
\(\qquad\)

Add chameleon prefix ir- to these words.
\(\qquad\) responsive
Add chameleon prefix il- to these words.
_____lude
Add chameleon prefix sub- to these words.
_____contract
\(\qquad\) ject
_____group
_____merge
\(\qquad\) sist
Add chameleon prefix sus- to these words.
_____pense
_____penders
_____t tain
_____pecting
1. An adverb can describe a verb, an adjective or another adverb.
2. Glenda and Athena contemplated their relocation for twelve weeks before accepting their work contracts.
3. The corrosion on the car was so extensive that they decided to just scrap the car.
4. Collecting payments was not an enjoyable occupation.
5. The noise from the concrete mixer combined with the extremely dusty construction site made living in the apartment horrid.
6. They inserted the tinfoil into the explosive and stopped the attack just in time.
7. Wendy and Mitch confirmed that they had not informed their instructor that they would miss the third week of the term in time. They lost some marks for this incomplete work.
8. Informers are people who tell insiders that something bad will happen.
9. You need to get instruction on the best way to imbed text and photos into the same page.
10. The world revolves around the basis of supply and demand.
11. Reading gets better when you can understand the meanings of suffixes and prefixes and how they can change words.
12. More and more these days, people are subscribing to Netflix and getting rid of their cable TV subscriptions.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
presented
backroads
gloating
vie
precast
unseemly
disuse
unreachable
distract
reject

WHAT SAYS?
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
revealed
unstoppable
presentation
boaster
gritty
recharged
prepaid
unfit
disclaimer
destruction
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
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2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}

Prefix pre - /prē/ - means 'before'
Prefix de - /dē/ - means 'do the opposite' or 'out of'

Prefix dis - /dǔs/ - means 'not' or 'apart from'
Prefix un - /ŭn/ - means 'not'
Prefix non - /nŏn/ - means 'non'

Prefix pro - /prō/ - means 'before', 'forward', or 'for'

Chameleon prefix ad; ab - says /ăd/ /ăb/ and means 'to, or toward'

Chameleon prefix com; con; cor; col - says /kom/ /kon/ kor/ /kol/and means 'together'.

Chameleon prefix in; im; il; ir - says /ı̆n/, /ı̆m/, / \(1 \mathrm{l} /\) /, /ı̆r/ and means not or into.

Chameleon prefix sub; suc; suf; sup; sus - says /sŭb/, /sŭc/, /sŭf/, /sŭp/, /sŭs/ and means 'under', or 'below'.

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Add the suffix for 'in the 'past'.
disentangle____
deplete__-_
dot_____
disgrace____
retract____
\(\qquad\)
2. Add the suffix for 'happening now'.
deduct \(\qquad\)
subtract \(\qquad\)
inject \(\qquad\)
grip____
explain \(\qquad\)
3. What type of syllable? Place a checkmark in the correct column.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Syllable & Closed & Open & VCe & R-Controlled & Vowel Team & Cle \\
\hline su & & & & & & \\
\hline perb & & & & & & \\
\hline con & & & & & & \\
\hline clude & & & & & & \\
\hline de & & & & & & \\
\hline tect & & & & & & \\
\hline strug & & & & & & \\
\hline gle & & & & & & \\
\hline dis & & & & & & \\
\hline place & & & & & & \\
\hline rain & & & & & & \\
\hline fret & & & & & & \\
\hline sta & & & & & & \\
\hline ble & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
4. Complete the following spellings

\section*{Ch or tch?}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline pi_____ed & rema_____ & pea____ \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{c, k, or ck?} \\
\hline ___riss & _____cross & _____an \\
\hline _____er & frea___-_y & spe_____s \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
5. Use the Rabbit rule and the Cle syllable type to complete each word

mud \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
rid____
\(\qquad\)
6. ge or dge?
splur \(\qquad\)
we \(\qquad\)
pa \(\qquad\)
ba \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{58. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
List 1 & freeway \\
splay & overlay \\
away & nosegay \\
display & wordplay \\
essay & yesterday
\end{tabular}

\section*{List 2}
coy
corduroy
deploy
employ
paperboy
unemployed
ahoy
viceroy
tomboy overjoyed

\section*{List 3}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
whey & jersey \\
abbey & heyday \\
obey & barley \\
parsley & chutney \\
valley & volley
\end{tabular}
1. Floyd will come by on Thursday to help drain the septic tank and make sure that all of the key hallway pipes flush evenly.
2. Try this lotion, Joy. If employed quickly it should stop the itch from your allergy to parsley.
3. Nancy has asked that we turn in the essays she gave us to do for homework including our responses to her key questions.
4. She'll make spicy chutney using grey pepper, mangos, lime slices, and some thinly minced Chinese cabbage called bok choy and a shot of whiskey.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
betrayal & undistracted \\
decaying & motley \\
surveyed & rejections \\
unaware & lamprey \\
alloy & mercy \\
tattletale & unstructured \\
annoying & data \\
germinate & informal \\
simplistic & pertinence \\
Hershey & attainable \\
suggestion & insistent \\
cloying & summoned
\end{tabular}

WHAT SAYS?
1.
6.
2.
3.
4.
5.
7.
8.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
12.
14.
undistracted
motley
rejections
lamprey
mercy
unstructured
data
informal
pertinence
attainable
insistent
summoned
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}
- ay - play - / \(\overline{\mathrm{a}} /\)
- oy - boy - /oi/
- ey - monkey - /ē/
- ey - grey - /a/

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Add the suffix for 'in the past

2. Add the suffix for 'happening now'
paddle
snip____
sniffle
dot

> cycle
> grip____
> circle
> rob
supervise \(\qquad\)
pin___-_
suppose
tap

\section*{59. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}

\section*{List 1}
avoided
recoil
broiled
co-joined

List 2
Add 'oi' or 'oy' to these words.

ballb \(\qquad\)
l____n
b_____ling
cordur \(\qquad\)
h_____sted
v \(\qquad\)
d
empl
\(\qquad\) _nk
aster \(\qquad\)
disappointing
exploit
choice
checkpoint
gr_____n
j_____st
rej_____cing
depl___-_
spl_____n
fl____
gr_____dle
br \(\qquad\)
cr_____fle
pr_-_-_
tr_____kle
squ__-_-
1. The Pointer Sisters have not made any albums since 2008.
2. Arvella was so happy to see her boyfriend when he arrived from Atlanta that she danced for joy.
3. The menu items for our staff party include pork loin with roasted bok choy.
4. Email was supposed to make work life better, but it seems we toil harder today than in the past.

\section*{List 3}

Add 'ai' or 'oy' to these words.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline w___-_l & dec___-_ \\
\hline refr_-___n & cl_-_-_ \\
\hline mor_-_- & pl____n \\
\hline det____n & _____lment \\
\hline 1__-_ & spl_____n \\
\hline pr_-_-_ & inporl_ \\
\hline st____n & gl_-_-_ \\
\hline h__-_l & subterd \\
\hline b_____liff & wh \\
\hline aw_-_- & ingl____n \\
\hline betr_-_-_ & bl_-_-_ \\
\hline bluej_-_-_ & dr____m \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1. Weeble is still a puppy, and he can be so amusing when he runs in circles trying to catch his tail.
2. When he gets tired of that, he gets exercise by chasing the many stray cats that roam the park across the street.
3. The old saying, "it's raining cats and dog"' can be traced back to the 1600 's.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
celluloid & unfailingly \\
swayed & obstetric \\
oyster & unreserved \\
wailing & inflammation \\
boycott & speckled \\
quails & anointed
\end{tabular}

WHAT SAYS?
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
12.
14.
1.
2.
3.

REVIEW
oi - oil - /oi/
/oi/ is spelled oy at the end of words and oi everywhere else.exception - oyster \(/ \overline{\mathrm{a}} /\) is spelled ay at the end of words and ai everywhere else.

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. What part of speech are these words? Place a checkmark in the correct column.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline & Noun & Verb & Adjective & Adverb \\
\hline obstetric & & & & \\
\hline inflammation & & & & \\
\hline unreserved & & & & \\
\hline speckled & & & & \\
\hline unfailingly & & & & \\
\hline streamer & & & & \\
\hline increase & & & & \\
\hline debate & & & & \\
\hline station & & & & \\
\hline lonely & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. Identify the words in these contractions.
should've
he's
you've
she's
wouldn't
they've
wasn't
he'll
don't
3. Make contractions from these words.
does not
they are
we have
they will
will not
I am
could not
I have
did not
4. Form the singular and plural possessive for these nouns using 's or s':
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Subject noun & Possession & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Singular \\
Possessive
\end{tabular} & Plural Possessive \\
\hline dog & bone & & \\
\hline shop & sale & & \\
\hline boy & tent & & \\
\hline horse & stall & & \\
\hline girl & dress & & \\
\hline player & cards & & \\
\hline witch & spell & & \\
\hline church & steeple & & \\
\hline cow & cud & & \\
\hline waiter & tray & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{61. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}

\section*{List 1}

Add the prefix inter to these words
_____cede
_____change
_____lace
_____mix active
Add the prefix trans to these words
_____scribe
_____verse
_____pose
_____action

\section*{_____form}
1. If you do not remember the code for the intercom in the complex Dale lives in, you will not be able to gain access to her apartment.
2. Lucy was transfixed as she peeped through the hole in the wall and saw the witch mixing potions and performing all sorts of spells.
3. We may think it is an intrusion, but the CSIS can intercept phone calls if they feel that there is a risk to public safety.
4. The extra space to the back of our home has made quite a transformation to the entire place.

\section*{List 2}

Add the Latin root 'port' to these words
\(\qquad\) able
pass \(\qquad\)
re \(\qquad\) ed
trans \(\qquad\)
hole
Add the Latin root 'rupt' to these words dis \(\qquad\) ive
e \(\qquad\) tion
inter \(\qquad\) tion

Add the Latin root 'mit' to these words com \(\qquad\) ment
e \(\qquad\) ted per \(\qquad\)
1. It was hard for first responders to react quickly to the growing emergency as the tornado had tumbled through the center of the valley and disrupted transportation in all directions.
2. At times, they had problems communicating because cell phone service would come and go intermittently.
3. The main office of the electric company was trying to transmit complaints regarding service to their workers, but cell transmissions were hard for them as well.

\section*{List 3}

Add the suffix 'less' to these words
worth \(\qquad\)
form \(\qquad\)
taste
Add the suffix 'ful' to these words
\(\qquad\)
pain____
use \(\qquad\)
fate \(\qquad\)
hope \(\qquad\)
Add the suffix 'ment' to these words
agree \(\qquad\)
amaze \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
attach \(\qquad\)
entitle \(\qquad\)
1. Lucy thinks it is tasteless but the painting hanging over the fireplace was done by a Dutch artist and it is extremely priceless.
2. There are endless numbers of people who are homeless because of wars that are raging worldwide.
3. The carpenters worked tirelessly through the day to complete the first section of the mansion.
4. Alanna is one of the most adept and graceful dancers that I have seen performing this kind of music.
5. She is not bashful at all with her many twirls, dips, jumps and kicks and she displays mastery in all of her dance expression.
6. Johanna enrolled in the NSCC Welding Program in the hopes that on completion it will better her chances to obtain a job.
7. The process began today and started with an assessment of her comprehension skills.
8. She hopes this will be a good investment because as a single mother she needs to provide for her children as well as gain advancement in her work.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
transportation
uninterrupted
bafflement

WHAT SAYS?
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION \\ N}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
intersession
unsuccessful
feckless
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
12.
14.
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}

Prefix inter says /ĭnter/; means between
Prefix trans, /trăns/ means across
Latin root rupt says /rŭpt/ and means 'to break'
Latin root port says / port/ and means 'to carry'
Latin root 'miss/mit'/mis//mit/ and means 'to send'

Suffix less says /lěs/ and means without; adjective
Suffix ful says /fəl/ means full of or being
Suffix ment says /mint/ means state of and makes words into nouns

\section*{62. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
List 1 & bowling \\
glow & bow \\
crowns & bow \\
frowny & slower \\
shower & endow \\
shower & avow \\
mow & prowl \\
crow & clowns \\
drowned & mellow \\
chowder &
\end{tabular}
1. The minnows swam in the shallow creek avoiding the fishing lines of the town people.
2. They'll not allow you to park downtown at this time of day.
3. How now brown cow!
4. The slow crow will fly below the hollow stump to pick up the marshmallow where it had been thrown down.

\section*{List 2}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
jaw & awning \\
lawless & lawn \\
thawing & awfully \\
straws & gawk \\
fawn & prawn \\
awkward & guffaw
\end{tabular}
1. The show was so slow they yawned and yawned.
2. She was ashamed of the tawdry awning that hung over her lawyer's office entrance.
3. The Mohawk is a nation of huge pride.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
List 3 & shrewd \\
crew & screw \\
newt & askew \\
drew & mildew \\
newborn & pewter \\
flew & curfew
\end{tabular}
1. The wild crew of the sailing vessel had thrown all the gear over the deck
and it was strewn everywhere.
2. Andrew was a shrewd lawyer and so was in demand by all the bad thugs in town.

\section*{3. The Dewdrop Inn had the best coleslaw and baked brown beans in the entire downtown core.}

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
jowl & accented \\
rowdy & seesaw \\
curfew & embroidered \\
trawling & devoid \\
rejoicing & jigsaw \\
newts & dappled \\
vainly & scrawled \\
meaninglessly & beans \\
correctively & constructively \\
chubby & phosphates \\
WHAT SAYS? & \\
1. & 6. \\
2. & 7. \\
3. & 8. \\
4. & 9. \\
5. & 10.
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}
ow - snow - / \(\overline{\mathrm{o}} /\)
ow - plow - /ou/
\[
\mathrm{aw}-\mathrm{paw}-/ \stackrel{\mathrm{o}}{ } /
\]
\[
\text { ew - few new - / } \overline{\mathrm{u}} /
\]
ew - chews /oo/

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. What type of syllable? Place a checkmark in the correct column.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline Syllable & Open & Closed & VCe & R-Controlled & Vowel Team & Cle \\
\hline jowl & & & & & & \\
\hline dy & & & & & & \\
\hline see & & & & & & \\
\hline saw & & & & & & \\
\hline cur & & & & & & \\
\hline few & & & & & & \\
\hline de & & & & & & \\
\hline void & & & & & & \\
\hline chub & & & & & & \\
\hline by & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. Add the suffix for each of these words.
\begin{tabular}{lllll} 
slam+ing & endear+ment & pickle+ing & force ful+ly & trump+ed \\
drip+y & encase+ed & bereave+ment & retail+er & construct+tion
\end{tabular}

\section*{63. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}

\section*{List 1}
character
chronological
mechanic
technical
architect
1. The chorus of that song is lovely and melodic.
2. Would you be able to give up all tech such as your phone for one day in your life?
3. A chimera (/kī/mera) is a monster with the head of a lion, the body of a goat, and the tail of a dragon.

\section*{List 2}
chagrin
parachute nonchalant
chandelier
brochure
1. The chiffon scarf that Debby wore completed her outfit perfectly.
2. Will you stop shaving and grow a mustache or beard for men's health during the month that is referred to as 'Movember' (November)?

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
orchestra & brew \\
chestnut & cashew \\
schwa & newer \\
chatter & newly \\
archive & mildew \\
crawled & staining \\
drawling & essay \\
sprawled & grainy \\
withdraw & birthday \\
shawl & stained \\
WHAT SAYS? &
\end{tabular}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.
6.
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9.
10.
12.
14.
1.
2.
3.

REVIEW

\section*{Consonants}
ch - chrome - /k/ - Greek influence
ch - chef /sh/ - French influence

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Add the suffix to each of these words.
```

scar+ed
grim+ly
regret+ed
star+ing
frame+ed
appraise+ing
incure+able
humble+ed

```

\section*{64. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
List 1 & countless \\
clouded & surrounded \\
scouts & flouncing \\
mound & denounced \\
house & ploundy \\
clout & frounder \\
rebound & gloundle \\
pouch & squounder \\
rounding & introundle \\
discount & relound \\
couches & declound \\
ounces &
\end{tabular}
> 1. You'd better not park in that space or more than likely, your car will get impounded.
2. The eagle gained momentum as she found her way back to her chicks in
the nest at the top of the bluff.
3. I like the crunch of alfalfa sprouts in cold dishes, but I prefer bean sprouts when I'm making a stir fry.
4. The mouse scampered under the couch, but it didn't take the cat long to find it and bounce it around until she got tired of playing.

\section*{List 2}
saucy
fraud
haul
taunt
fault
daub
pause
flaunted
taut
audit
1. What is the place where she does her laundry called?
2. She likes to put hamburger meat in her tomato sauce.
3. The back end of a cat is its haunch and can launch the cat up when it jumps.

\section*{List 3}
sleuth
therapeutic
eulogy
feudal
1. Eureka! I won ten million on the lottery.
2. Don't forget to get all your pets spayed or neutered.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
saucer & studded \\
activation & lawful \\
flout & sleuthing \\
tangent & pit \\
scowling & pitted \\
disinfecting & smelt \\
cloudy & smelts \\
grumble & feuding \\
grumbling & applause \\
augment & blouse \\
augmentation & pausing \\
flinchingly & exploit \\
parched & neutered \\
fewer & shouted \\
stud & botched \\
WHAT SAYS? & \\
1. & \\
2. & 6. \\
3. & 7. \\
5. & 8. \\
\hline 4. & 10. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
15.
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}
- ou - ouch - /ou/
- au - August - /ŏ/
- eu - feud - / \(\overline{\mathrm{u}} /\)
- eu - deuce - /oo/

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Scoop the syllables. Mark above the type of syllable (VCCV, VCCCV, V/ CV, VC/V). Mark vowel teams with one V.
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
steeple & cabin \\
underdog & mayday \\
complain & ample \\
soya & refrain
\end{tabular}
2. Is it 'ai' or 'ay'?
st \(\qquad\) n
m____nt t____n
for \(\qquad\)
port \(\qquad\)
3. Is it 'oi' or 'oy'?
sirl___n
carb \(\qquad\)
depl_-_
m \(\qquad\)
4. Place a checkmark in the column with the 'ey' sound you hear in these words.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|}
\hline Word & \(\overline{\mathbf{a}}\) & \(\overline{\mathbf{e}}\) \\
\hline whey & & \\
\hline abbey & & \\
\hline obey & & \\
\hline parsley & & \\
\hline valley & & \\
\hline jersey & & \\
\hline heyday & & \\
\hline barley & & \\
\hline chutney & & \\
\hline volley & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{5. Underline the prefix.}
precede
readjust
detained
translation
unsettled
dismantle
intervene
present

\section*{66. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES}

\section*{List 1}
dr \(\qquad\) back
colesl
\(\qquad\) ful
\(\qquad\)
c

S \(\qquad\) dust
t
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) ny
\(\qquad\)
sp_______-_n
l__________nch
unl \(\qquad\) ful
dr \(\qquad\) in

1. After the trip from Surrey to Dawson Creek, Paul was exhausted and promptly fell asleep.
2. The next morning, he woke up, yawned, and looked through all of the rooms in the house he was renting.
3. As he passed a window, he saw a fawn on the lawn in his backyard.
List 2

pr \(\qquad\) der end
\(\qquad\)
del \(\qquad\) se
1. She could see by the gigantic pout on his face that the row that they had started in the morning was still going strong.
2. At the make-up dinner at the diner she ordered the Chinese chow dish based on the sample found on the countertop.
3. How did she like the dinner? Well, she found the chow dish was too peppery but the portion sizes were perfect.
4. With this lovely meal, they rekindled their love and now they feel even more profoundly about their relationship.

List 3
\(\qquad\)
gr_________nd
d________ny
\(\qquad\)
    pr_-_______ling
    surr__________nd
    c__________ 1
dr \(\qquad\) n
1. Let's go to the mall downtown instead of the big box stores out at Bayer's Lake Road.
2. That Saint Bernard in the pet store window is gigantic, but even with the spit dripping from his huge jowls he still looks cute.
3. I'm glad you didn't pick the pink gown with ruffles for the bridesmaids' dresses or you surely would have had a bunch of grumpy, growly women to deal with.

\section*{REVIEW WORDS}
\begin{tabular}{ll} 
hacksaw & cause \\
puzzle & causing \\
transferring & confuse \\
seemingly & confusing \\
clowning & confusion \\
around & straws \\
preferred & brewing \\
bandage & sound \\
bandaged & asleep \\
gauze & glow \\
unhappy & glowing \\
improper & neutered \\
intervene & repeatedly \\
downward & discovering \\
spiral & purpose
\end{tabular}

\section*{WHAT SAYS?}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

\section*{SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION}
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
11.
13.
6.
7.
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12.
14.
15.
1.
2.
3.

\section*{REVIEW}
ou-ow Spelling Pattern Generalization
Spell /ou/ with ou in the middle of words. Spell /ou/ with ow at the end of words or when the word ends in /n/ or /l/ (brown owl). Exception - foul. Note: There are no words in the English language that end with the letter u.
au-aw Spelling Pattern Generalization
Spell /ŏ/ with aw at the end of words or when the word ends in /n/ or /l/ (The traffic had drawn to a crawl). Exception haul. Note: There are no words in the English language that end with the letter u.

\section*{PRACTICE}
1. Add the suffix to each of these words.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline complete+ed & spit+ing & exchange+ed & ban+er & fuss+ed \\
\hline serve+er & charge+ing & derange+ed & merge+er & absolve+ing \\
\hline torment+ing & singe+ed & place+ed & mince+er & dim+est \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
2. Is it \(\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{k}\), or ck ?
```

che

```
\(\qquad\)
```

bas

```
\(\qquad\)
``` et
```

$\qquad$

```
iss
tri_____et
```

$\qquad$

``` entral
```

mas $\qquad$
stu $\qquad$
_____apital
ba_____up
_____reek
3. It it 'ch' or 'tch'?
pa_-_-_
mar $\qquad$
lun $\qquad$ box
rea $\qquad$
ba $\qquad$
4. Is it 'oi' or 'oy'?
b $\qquad$
tomb $\qquad$
ful
j $\square$
stre____
ha_____et
laun
sti
bran $\qquad$
b_____hood
sp_____led

## 5. Is it 'ai' or 'ay'?

ch_____ned
displ_____ed
f_____led
str_____ed
str_____ned

## 67. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

stool
shook
choose
nook
drooling
hoody
toolkits
woodpile
swooned
hookup
droopy
bookends

1. Too bad that he's choosing a trade that is not a growth industry.
2. The new generation doesn't worry about making sure they have their checkbook with them.
3. Once they've pounded the foundation posts into the ground, they'll be set to begin building the deck.
4. Akerley campus has both the cooking and baking trades on campus.
5. For the first time, she's content with her painting and all the swooping splashes of yellow, brown, and gold that she used.
6. Getting infected with the hookworm parasite can cause a lot of damage to the small intestine.

| List 2 | grief |
| :--- | :---: |
| thief | niece |
| diesel | shriek |
| weiner | fiercest |
| pierces | chiefly |

1. She was still grieving the loss of her first-born child at the time of her new trauma.
2. Yield to the blinking yellow traffic lamp at the crosswalk.
3. Their stay will be brief, but they'll pack in a lot of value while they are here.

## List 3

group
coupon
route
recoup
caribou

1. Julia decided that she would take a trip to Vancouver to visit her best friend.
2. The drive to the airport was in a cab with a rude and uncouth driver.
3. She was taking nougat candy for Dorothy, her friend's mother.

## REVIEW WORDS

| unsubscribe | aloof |
| :--- | :--- |
| smooch | impounds <br> crooked |
| surrounding | undisputed |
| headquarters | grief |
| incubation | raccoon |
| gentlemen | hookworm <br> supersized <br> guzzling <br> outlook <br> croup |
| whippoorwill | yea |
| remission | overbearing |
| retractable | dismissive |
| WHAT SAYS? | projectile |
| W. |  |
| 1. |  |
| 3. | 6. |
| 5. | 7. |

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 

## REVIEW

Vowel Teams
oo - food - /oo/

OO - book - /oŏ
ie, piece $-/ \overline{\mathrm{e}} /$
ou - soup - /oo/

## PRACTICE

1. Which is the correct sound? Place a checkmark in the correct column.

| Word | $/ \mathbf{o o} /$ | $/ \mathbf{o} /$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| aloof |  |  |
| smooch |  |  |
| crooked |  |  |
| raccoon |  |  |
| hookworm |  |  |
| outlook |  |  |

2. Which is the correct sound? Place a checkmark in the correct column.

| Word | $/ \overline{\mathbf{1}} /$ | $/ \overline{\mathbf{e}} /$ | $/ \overline{\mathbf{a}} /$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| tieback |  |  |  |
| headquarters |  |  |  |
| break |  |  |  |
| tread |  |  |  |
| leafing |  |  |  |
| bleakly |  |  |  |
| beheaded |  |  |  |
| yea |  |  |  |

3. Which is the correct sound? Place a checkmark in the correct column.

| Word | $/ \overline{\mathbf{e}} /$ | $/ \mathbf{\imath} /$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| chief |  |  |
| lied |  |  |
| grief |  |  |
| piece |  |  |
| pie |  |  |

4. Circle the prefix and underline the suffix in each word.
unsubscribe
impounds
surrounding
undisputed
dismissive
remission
retractable
5. Add the suffix for 'happening in the past'.
guzzle
remit
relate
behead
supersize
6. Add the suffix for 'happening now'.
puzzle
allot
participate
remain
shop
7. Add suffix 'tion' or 'sion' to these words.
project
assert
incubate
decide

## 8. Scoop these syllables.

gentlemen
overbearing
whippoorwill

## 68. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

protein
receive
neither
seize
conceit
veil
skein
beige
chow mein
suit
bruise
pursuit
nuisance
recruit

1. The wealthy sheik had founded numerous oil refineries in the Middle East.
2. She loved to make crafts but she refused to use skeins of beige yarn because she thought these were boring.
3. Despite falling down when wearing his best suit, Weird Al just suffered from a bad bruise.

## REVIEW WORDS

## Latin root 'tract': to pull

| caffeine | deceitful |
| :--- | :--- |
| weir | surveillance |
| nuisance | cruise |
| explaining | conjoined |
| practical | unsuitable |
| nautical | cautiously |
| buddy | marginally |
| aspirations | centrifugal |
| detracting | retractable |
| contracted |  |

WHAT SAYS?
$1 . \quad 6$.
2.
7.
3.
4.
5.
8.
9.
10.

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 
12. 
13. 
14. 

REVIEW
Vowel Teams
ei, weird Neil, /e/
ei, reindeer, $/ \overline{\mathrm{a}} /$
ui, fruit juice, /oo/

## 69. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

| List 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| high | slight |
| thigh | weigh |
| bright | sleigh |
| fright | neigh |

1. I have a large dog who weighs eighty pounds.
2. Can you put the dimmer on, so these lights won't be so bright?

## REVIEW WORDS

## Latin root 'ject': to throw

unsightly
weighty
veined
replying
receive
cruise
frightful
fruitful
reject
gaudy
barnacle
articulate
articulating
remained
lawfully
illegal
eject
dejected

## WHAT SAYS?

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 

## REVIEW

Vowel Teams
igh - light - / $\overline{\mathbf{1}} /$
eigh - eight - / $\overline{\mathrm{a}} /$

## PRACTICE

1. Underline the vowel team in these words

| skein | sleigh |
| :--- | :--- |
| sleuth | fruitful |
| remained | clause |
| displaying | avowing |
| awful | slightly |

2. Circle the suffix. Circle the prefix. Underline the Latin root. Scoop the syllables.

| replying | deveined |
| :--- | :--- |
| unsightly | transported |
| weightless | distracted |
| complaining | interchangeable |

3. Add the suffix to make these words plural.
catch $\qquad$
crash $\qquad$
strain $\qquad$
whine $\qquad$
storm
nudge $\qquad$ choose $\qquad$
bandage $\qquad$
gauge $\qquad$
batch $\qquad$
4. Add the suffix for 'happening now'.
omit $\qquad$
save $\qquad$
repel $\qquad$
issue $\qquad$
slur $\qquad$ insure $\qquad$ replace $\qquad$
5. Add the suffix for 'comparing two'.
large $\qquad$
wise $\qquad$
warm $\qquad$
hard $\qquad$
late $\qquad$
fit_______ close_______
slim $\qquad$
trim $\qquad$ small_________

## 6. Match these homophones.

| _____ which | a. gate |
| :--- | :--- |
| _____ seam | b. whine |
| _____teem | c. made |
| _____wine | d. hear |
| _____maid | e. witch |
| _____tray | f. lie |
| _____lye | g. pray |
| _____gait | h. seem |
| ______prey | i. team |
| _____here | j. trey |

## 71. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

meow
create
ruin
poem
fluid

1. The neon lights flashed on and off and made geometric patterns on the sidewalk.
2. She had to read the manual twice before she understood how to use her new iPad.
3. She kept a diary of her vacation in Honolulu.

## List 2

portfolio
cardiac
raffia

1. The amphibian section of the museum is very interesting.
2. There's a huge scorpion and a boa constrictor!
3. We'll see as much as we can before we go out on the patio to have lunch.

## REVIEW WORDS

Indian
meander
lion
mucus
second
chaotic
cactus
ridicule

## WHAT SAYS?

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
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16. 
17. 
18. 
19. 
20. 

idiotic
portfolio
truant
citrus
duets
triumph
catastrophically
cavern
1.
2.
3.

REVIEW

V/V Syllable Division
Words can divide between 2 vowels. Less common.

## Vowel

i, piano, / $\overline{\mathrm{e}} /($ in many cases, i says $/ \overline{\mathrm{e}} /$ when followed by another vowel)

## PRACTICE

1. Which sound is it? Place a checkmark in the correct column.

| Word | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\overline{\mathbf{i}}$ | $\overline{\mathbf{e}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| triangle |  |  |  |
| trimming |  |  |  |
| piano |  |  |  |
| flicker |  |  |  |
| radio |  |  |  |
| dialect |  |  |  |
| vintage |  |  |  |
| liable |  |  |  |
| cardiac |  |  |  |
| sliding |  |  |  |

## 72. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

abyss
cynic
acrylic
gypsy
lyric

1. While in Egypt we made sure to visit the museum.
2. The writing on the sarcophagus of the mummy was cryptic.
3. You would need to understand the cyphering of people in Egypt from eons ago.

## List 2

Add the Greek combining form 'bio' to these words.
$\qquad$ chip
_________electric
Add the Greek combining form 'graph' to these words
$\qquad$ ic
di $\qquad$
$\qquad$ eme

## List 3

Add the Greek combining form 'geo' to these words.
$\qquad$ active

$\qquad$ electric

Add the Greek combining form '(o)logy' to these words. cosmo $\qquad$ crypto $\qquad$
eco $\qquad$

1. People no longer use phonographs, because music has all gone digital.
2. You need to have bio-degradable bags to put your food recycling in.
3. Global geography is one of the subjects available in the ALP Program.
4. Cosmology is defined as the study of the entire universe

## REVIEW WORDS

| autograph | piston |
| :--- | :--- |
| animation | systematic |
| geophysicist | chaos |
| admiral | cameo |
| motionless | virtual |
| nocturnal | reality |
| cylinder | analyze |
| biotechnology | cabin |

WHAT SAYS?
1.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 

## REVIEW

$\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{gym}-/ \overline{\mathrm{l}} /$

## Greek combining forms

bio - means life
graph/gram - written or drawn
geo - means earth
(o)logy - study of

These show the Greek influence on the English language. Words of Greek origin are found mainly in Science and Mathematics.

## PRACTICE

1. Underline the Greek combining form in each word. Match each word to a sentence.
geologist autographs antibiotics cardiology diagram
a. $\qquad$ is the study of the heart and diseases that may affect it.
b. We'll need to look at the $\qquad$ at the front of the mall to locate that store.
c. My brother is always studying rocks and hopes to be a
$\qquad$ when he grows up.
d. What kind of $\qquad$ did the doctor prescribe?
e. Did you get any of the actors' $\qquad$ when you visited the Atlantic Film Festival opening night?
2. Circle the schwa suffix/common word ending in these words.

| Canadian | reliance |
| :--- | :--- |
| commonly | intelligent |
| package | decipherable |
| crickets | bottoms |
| resilience | incorruptible |

3. Which sound is it? Place a checkmark in the column.

| Word | $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$ | $\overline{\mathbf{e}}$ | $\breve{\mathbf{e}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| leaking |  |  |  |
| weigh |  |  |  |
| key |  |  |  |
| steadfast |  |  |  |
| rake |  |  |  |
| break |  |  |  |
| veined |  |  |  |
| prey |  |  |  |
| breakage |  |  |  |
| homestead |  |  |  |

4. Add the suffix to these words.

| stumble+ed | hum+ing | crib+age | sever+ance | time+ly |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| need+less | resolute+tion | remember+ed | notice+able | sun+y |

## 73. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

| List 1 | ghoul |
| :--- | :--- |
| malign | ghetto |
| gnaw | knotty |
| feign | knead |
| arraign | knew |
| crumb | known |
| climb | scent |
| dumb | scene |
| plumber | ascend |
| column | descent |
| autumn | wrastle |
| condemn | wrangle |
| hymn | wrap |
| ghostly |  |

1. We were quite amazed at all the new and wonderful designs from up and
coming Halifax designers.
2. I became numb with fear when I saw the eight tentacles come out of the sea cave.
3. The funeral was a solemn occasion and many people cried as the eight pallbearers carried the casket out of the church.
4. Ghee is clarified butter that is often used in East Indian cooking.
5. Justin has a knack for being able to stuff his knapsack with everything in perfect order.
6. I wracked my brain forever trying to remember where I'd hid my money.
7. The injury has caused my sciatic nerve to act up on occasion.

## List 2

pseudonym
pneumonia
psychic
pneumatic

1. Psoriasis is a skin condition that leaves red, blotchy patches that are covered with white scales on your body.

## List 3

fatigue
critique
epilogue
boutique

1. The statues perched on the top of the columns were really grotesque.
2. Is it only me, or have you noticed that Janice has a certain mystique about her?

## REVIEW WORDS

| kneecap | condemn |
| :--- | :--- |
| plumber | barnacle |
| veined | articulate |
| replying | remained |
| receive | campaign |
| cruise | wrath |
| ghetto | scientific |
| fruitful | catalogue |
| logical | reject |
| Ghana | dejected |
| WHAT SAYS? |  |

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

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22. 
23. 

REVIEW
Silent Letters - Anglo-Saxon Layer
gh - ghost - /g/
kn - knee - /n/
wr - wrench - /r/
gn - sign - /n/
mb - thumb - /m/
$\mathrm{mn}-\mathrm{hymn}-/ \mathrm{m} /$

## 74. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

| List 1 | butterfly |
| :--- | :--- |
| dory | anchovy |
| city | battery |
| mummy | harmony |
| cobby | jelly |
| pansy | balcony |

1. The story about the pony was read by the lady to the baby.
2. The student made the copy to complete his project for his study.
3. They had a party for the puppy.

## List 2

fancy
hurry
flurry
dry
pry
scurry

1. He cries when he cuts and dries the shallots.
2. Then he fries them up with hamburger.
3. He hurries through this part because crying when he is working to prepare a meal annoys him.

## REVIEW WORDS

Latin root: spect $=$ to see
hankies
sullies
cloudy
corny
read
sale
pail
crawled
inspection
trellises
decries
tepid
precinct
sail
pale
reed
inspect
inspected

WHAT SAYS?
1.
2.
3.
4.
5.
6.
7.
8.
9.
10.

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
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## REVIEW

Spelling Rule \#3 - Change the y Part 1: plurals
Change " $y$ to an $i$ and add es". (forms plural nouns)
(baby, babies)
Change " y to an i and add es". (forms he/she/it does form of verb)
(carry - he/she/it carries)

Spelling Rule \#3 - Change the y Part 2
In a vowel team syllable just add the suffix, do not change y to i. (play, played, playing)

In an open syllable change the $y$ to $i$, for all suffixes except -ing. (try, tries, trying)

## PRACTICE

1. Add the suffix to each word. Which spelling rule did you use?

| Word | Drop the <br> $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{1 + 1 + 1}$ | Change 'y' to 'i' and add 'es'. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| hanky+es |  |  |  |
| sully+ed |  |  |  |
| plot+er |  |  |  |
| describe+ing |  |  |  |

2. Add the suffix given to each word.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { army + es } \\
& \text { carry + er } \\
& \text { cry + ed } \\
& \text { ugly + est } \\
& \text { hurry + ing } \\
& \text { fancy + ful } \\
& \text { suit + ed } \\
& \text { man + ish } \\
& \text { scar + ed } \\
& \text { worry + ed } \\
& \text { lively + est } \\
& \text { reserve + ed } \\
& \text { improvise + ing }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 76. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

potential
substantial
dietitian

## 1. The initial examination lasted less than we thought it would.

## List 2

artificial
mathematician
glacial
politician
financial
commercial
official
prejudicial
electrician
optician

1. We will need to call the photocopy technician to fix the photocopier.
2. Officially, the man will be charged with murder.

## List 3

habitual
tarantula

Portugal

1. Virtual reality gaming is one of the hottest trends and some people will get hysterical if you try to take their gaming equipment from them.

## REVIEW WORDS

mutual
spiritual
mortician
conference
instance
infatuated
orphan
punctuate
partial
deliverance

WHAT SAYS?
1.
6.
2.
3.
4.
5.
slogan
eventually
obstetrician
especially
political
reversible
abandon
factual

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
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## REVIEW

connective ti says /sh/; connects word endings to base words
connective $\mathrm{ci} / \mathrm{sh} /$; connects word endings to base words
connective tu /choo/; Latin connective
cial or tial
What's the letter before these -cial words: social, special, beneficial?

What's the letter before these -tial words: essential, substantial, partial?

Use -cial -cian after a vowel, like after the vowel 'o' in social, 'e' in special, ' i ' in beneficial

Use -tial -tian after a consonant, especially, after ' $n$ ' in substantial, essential, and ' $r$ ' in partial

## PRACTICE

1. Underline the connective ' ci', 'ti' or 'tu' in these words.

| mortician | ritualistic |
| :--- | :--- |
| obstetrician | especially |
| perpetuate | partial |

2. Choose the correct spelling of cial or tial for these words.

creden
cru
essen $\qquad$
fa
judi
offi
so $\qquad$ impar $\qquad$
poten $\qquad$
ra
residen $\qquad$
3. Add the correct form of the chameleon prefix to each of these words.
subcessful conrection inresponsible subficient confortable imlegal sucmission cortractor inpossible sufpision

## 77. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

dangerous
famous
continuous
hazardous
marvellous

1. Celebrities have the most glamorous gowns when they walk the red carpet at the Academy Awards.
2. They try to outdo each other because they are envious of the gown someone else is seen in.
3. It is a joyous event for some in attendance, but for those who don't win, it can seem like it is never ending.
4. The music for the show is always harmonious and in keeping with the themes of the different films that are being showcased.

## List 2

enorm $\qquad$
bon $\qquad$
numer $\qquad$
cens $\qquad$
surpl $\qquad$
camp___
raven $\qquad$
unanim $\qquad$
griev $\qquad$
muc $\qquad$

1. Have you seen the spacious apartment that Selena is renting for a fraction of what I pay for this tiny place?
2. When you live in the north end of Halifax versus the south end of Halifax, you can get more for your money.
3. Let's not stay inside today, the weather is absolutely glorious, and a walk to Point Pleasant Park will be a treat.
4. We can also take a visit to the Public Gardens and take photographs of all the fabulous crocus flowers that are in bloom.

## List 3

tropi
mana
numeri
obsta $\qquad$
medi $\qquad$
histori____
classi $\qquad$
mus $\qquad$
criti $\qquad$
popsi $\qquad$

1. The article about the lady who just had quintuplets was in this morning's paper.
2. A person with OCD has the neatest house because they do everything in a methodical manner.
3. The office downtown that my uncle works in is full of nondescript cubicles that are interchangeable.
4. Since you'll be here for awhile, you can put the charger for your iphone into that electrical outlet.

## REVIEW WORDS

| alphabetical | walruses |
| :--- | :--- |
| furious | rambunctious |
| superstitious | receptacle |
| astronomical | pretentious |
| vertically | status |
| infectious | fungus |
| cuticle | miracles |
| particle | virus |
| vocal | instantaneous |
| fluctuating | virtuous |
| recycle | biological |
| gloriously | icicles |

WHAT SAYS?
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## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

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## REVIEW

Vowel Suffix
Vowel suffix ous says /ŭs/ - means 'full of' or 'being' and forms adjectives Spelling Pattern ous/us

Words that are adjectives end in 'ous'. Words that are nouns end in 'us'.

Spelling Pattern cal/cle
Words that are adjectives end in 'cal'. Words that are nouns end in 'cle'.

## 78. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

blizz $\qquad$ d
begg
stand $\qquad$ d
must $\qquad$ d
burgla $\qquad$

1. Did you ever hear of the expression, "the nectar of the gods"?
2. Don't you just love the lessons we get in grammar?! Not!!!
3. I think it will look better if you move the couch forward about three inches.
4. Due to global warming, the polar ice caps are shrinking more and more every year.

## List 2

terror
sector
contractor
inspector

1. There are some students who are mentors to other students, especially to students who are new.
2. A proctor is a person who oversees the people in the room while they are

## taking a test.

## 3. Thank you Jess I appreciate your candor and am glad that you are comfortable about being truthful with me.

## REVIEW WORDS

| tremendous | conductor |
| :--- | :--- |
| political | geological |
| impetuous | cellar |
| custard | mucus |
| bicycle | congratulate |
| quarterly | investor |
| compressor | hangar |
| responsible | nature |
| respectable | natural |
| standardization | solar |
| factual | error |
| collector | nations |

WHAT SAYS?
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## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
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## REVIEW

ar says /er/ in a final unaccented syllable.
or says /er/ in a final unaccented syllable.

## PRACTICE

1. Circle the suffix(es). Circle the prefix.

[^0]Place a V above the vowels.
Place a C above the consonants.
Scoop the syllables.
What syllable division type do you see?

| solar | lambing |
| :--- | :--- |
| idiotic | chaos |
| meander | scientifically |
| portfolio | ghostly |
| physical | column |

1. Check a dictionary to find the meaning of these words and what part of speech they are.

| Word | Meaning | Noun, Verb, Adjective or Adverb |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| writhing |  |  |
| catastrophy |  |  |

2. Choose 'us or 'ous' to complete these words.
cact $\qquad$
humor $\qquad$
cavern $\qquad$
3. Add the suffix given to each word.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { pore + ous } \\
& \text { relieve + ing } \\
& \text { compare + able } \\
& \text { shaky + ly } \\
& \text { rely + able } \\
& \text { remit + ance } \\
& \text { sole + ly } \\
& \text { chew + y } \\
& \text { scurry + ed } \\
& \text { revise + sion }
\end{aligned}
$$

4. Underline the 'ar or 'or' with the /er/ sound in the following sentences. Circle the words that have vowel teams.
a. The jugular vein, located in the neck drains blood from the brain, face, and neck.
b. What color did your niece say she wanted the bathroom painted?
c. Was it the creamy blue or the lunar yellow?
d. I will need to put in an insurance claim for the shoes that the orthopedic doctor deems necessary for me to have.
e. What extracurricular activities do you participate in after school?

## 79. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

$\qquad$
gram
hydro $\qquad$

1. Did you ever think that the phone you can't live without today actually came from the ancient Greek word 'phono' that means sound?
2. Ashley takes selfies constantly and always looks fantastic because she's very photogenic.
3. Photosynthesis is a chemical reaction that takes place inside a plant, producing food for the plant to survive.

## List 2

| scope | geo__-_-_-_-_ic |
| :---: | :---: |
| _pathy | isO_-_-_-_-_ic |
| _cast |  |

1. A telephoto lens allows you to capture a subject that is far away or to magnify the subject in your frame.
2. Telegrams are no longer used to send messages across distances because all we need to do these days is send texts through our phones.
3. Canada used to use the imperial measurement system as they do in the United States, but in the 70's, we switched to using the metric system of measurement.
4. There are only three countries located on three different continents in the world that still use the imperial system instead of the metric system.
5. The countries still using this form of measurement are Liberia in Africa, Myanmar in Southeast Asia, and the United States in North America.

## REVIEW WORDS

| furious | acceptable |
| :--- | :--- |
| situation | symmetrical |
| irresponsible | stupor |
| photokinesis | treated |
| telescopic | proudest |
| outstanding | flowering |
| symptoms | stupendous |
| passages | soothing |
| phoneme | unbreakable |
| cheddar | treads |
| tackling | surreptitiously |
| telecommunication | brainy |

WHAT SAYS?
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## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

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## REVIEW

phon/phon(o) is a Greek combining form that means 'sound'
photo is a Greek combining form that means 'light'
tele is a Greek combining form that means 'distance' meter/metr is a Greek combining form that means 'measure'

## PRACTICE

1. Match the Greek Combining forms to their definition.

| _____meter/metr | a. study of |
| :---: | :---: |
| _____geo | b. life |
| ____tele | c. writing or drawing |
| _____bio | d. measure |
| ____(o)logy | e. sound |
| ____photo | f. earth |
| _-_-_phono | g. light |
| _____graph/gram | h. distant |

2. Match the Latin roots to their definition.

| _____ject | a. to built |
| :--- | :--- |
| _____mis/mit | b. to throw |
| _____port | c. to pull |
| ____rupt | d. to send |
| _____struct | e. to carry |
| _____tract | f. to break or burst |

3. Add the suffixes to these words.
```
pore + ous
magnify + ing
unstop + able
accept + ance
occur + ence
```

4. Is it an adjective a noun or a verb? Place a checkmark in one of the columns.

| Word | Adjective | Noun | Verb |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| comical |  |  |  |
| crocus |  |  |  |
| joyous |  |  |  |
| cubicle |  |  |  |
| musical |  |  |  |

## 81. WORD LISTS AND SENTENCES

## List 1

addict
contradict
vindicate

## List 2

spirit
expire
uninspiring

1. The dictators of many countries around the world treat their citizens horribly and often imprison and torture them.
2. There are new conspiracy theories popping up every day about whether or not the government is telling the truth about alien visitors from outer space.
3. It is important to be flexible in the world of business today in order to keep up and compete with the ever-shrinking global community.
4. What is the weather person predicting for today's forecast, sun or rain?
5. When it's time for me to take a test or give a presentation I try to wear clothing that doesn't show how much I'm perspiring.

## REVIEW WORDS

inflexible
disrespect
manuscript
information
punctual
circumspect
scribbling
misinformation
pharmacy
conspiring

WHAT SAYS?
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## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

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20. 

psychological
league
indication
subscribe
formality
reasoning
caution
specifications
campus
ventricle
1.
2.
3.

REVIEW
Latin root 'form' - to shape or form
Latin root 'script'/'scrib' - to write
Latin root 'spec'/'spect'/'spic' - to see
Latin root 'flect'/'flex' - to bend or curve
Latin root 'dic'/'dict' - to say or tell
Latin root 'spire'/'spir' - to breathe

PRACTICE

1. Place each syllable in the correct column.

| Word | Closed | Open | VCe | R-Controlled | Vowel <br> Team | Cle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| steeple |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| carefree |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| underdog |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mayday |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| complain |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ample |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| soya |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| refrain |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Is it 'ai' or 'ay? Is it 'oi' or 'oy'?

| st_____n | for____ |
| :---: | :---: |
| m_____nt_____n | portr |
| sirl_-_-_n | depl_ |
| carb____ | m_____st |

3. Underline the prefix in these words.

| precede | unsettled |
| :--- | :--- |
| readjust | dismantle |
| detained | intervened |
| translation | present |

4. Circle the schwa 'a' in these words.

| amass | cobra |
| :--- | :--- |
| awake | vista |
| affirm | attain |
| flotilla | comma |

5. Match the Greek combining form to its meaning.

| _____bio | a. measure |
| :--- | :--- |
| _____geo | b. distant |
| _____graph/gram | c. study |
| _____meter/metr | d. earth |
| _____ology | e. light |
| _____phon(o) | f. life |
| _____photo | g. write |
| _____tele | h. sound |

6. Match the Latin root to its meaning.

| _____dic(t) | a. to break or burst |
| :---: | :---: |
| _____flect/flex | b. to write |
| _____form | c. to throw |
| _____ject | d. to see |
| ____-port | e. to shape |
| ____rupt | f. to build |
| _-___script | g. to bend or curve |
| _____spect | h. to carry |
| _____struct | j. to pull |
| _____tract | j. to tell or say |

_dic(t)
flect/flex
form
ject
rupt
script
spect
struct
tract
j. to tell or say
7. Add the suffix to these words. Which spelling rule?

| Word | New Word | $\mathbf{1 + 1 + 1}$ | Drop the e |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| complete+ed |  |  |  |
| spit+ing |  |  |  |
| exchange+ed |  |  |  |
| ban+er |  |  |  |
| fuss+ed |  |  |  |
| serve+er |  |  |  |
| charge+ing |  |  |  |
| derange+ed |  |  |  |
| merge+er |  |  |  |
| absolve+ing |  |  |  |
| torment+ing |  |  |  |
| singe+ed |  |  |  |
| place+ed |  |  |  |
| mince+er |  |  |  |
| dim+est |  |  |  |

8. Circle the suffix. Scoop the syllables.

| refute | sparkle |
| :--- | :--- |
| disgrace | trickle |
| intrude | braided |
| abruptly | underlay |
| crusty | cloyingly |
| intersperse | disturb |
| established | decomposing |
| comprises | reputations |

## 83. REVIEW

1. Divide each word. Which type syllable type?

| Word | Closed | Open | VCe | R-Controlled | Vowel <br> Team | Cle |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| steeple |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| carefree |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| underdog |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mayday |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| complain |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ample |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| soya |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| refrain |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Is it 'ai' or 'ay?
st_____n
m____nt $\qquad$ _n
for $\qquad$
portr_-
3. is it 'oi' or 'oy'?
sirl _n
carb $\qquad$
depl____
m $\qquad$ st
4. Underline the prefix in these words.
precede
readjust
detained
translation
unsettled
dismantle
intervene
present
5. Highlight or underline the schwa ' $a$ ' in these words.

| amass | cobra |
| :--- | :--- |
| awake | vista |
| affirm | attain |
| flotilla | comma |

6. Match the Greek combining form to its meaning.

| ____bio | a. measure |
| :--- | :--- |
| _____geo | b. distant |
| ____graph/gram | c. study |
| ____meter/metr | d. earth |
| ____ology | e. light |
| ____phon(o) | f. life |
| ____photo | g. write |
| ____tele | h. sound |

7. Match the Latin root to its meaning.

| ____dic(t) | a. to break or burst |
| :---: | :---: |
| ____flect/flex | b. to write |
| ____form | c. to throw |
| ____ject | d. to see |
| _-__port | e. to shape |
| _-__rupt | f. to build |
| ____script | g. to bend or curve |
| ____spect | h. to carry |
| ____struct | i. to pull |
| ____tract | j. to tell or say |

8. Add the suffix to these words. Which spelling rule?

| Word | New Word | $\mathbf{1}+\mathbf{1}+\mathbf{1}$ | Drop the e | No Change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| complete + ed |  |  |  |  |
| spit + ing |  |  |  |  |
| exchange + ed |  |  |  |  |
| ban + er |  |  |  |  |
| fuss + ed |  |  |  |  |
| serve + er |  |  |  |  |
| charge + ing |  |  |  |  |
| derange + ed |  |  |  |  |
| merge + er |  |  |  |  |
| absolve + ing |  |  |  |  |
| torment + ing |  |  |  |  |
| singe + ed |  |  |  |  |
| place + ed |  |  |  |  |
| mince + er |  |  |  |  |
| dim + est |  |  |  |  |

9. Highlight or underline the suffix. Highlight or underline the prefix. Divide the syllables.

| refute | sparkle |
| :--- | :--- |
| dis/grace | trickle |
| intrude | braided |
| abruptly | underlay |
| crusty | cloyingly |
| intersperse | reinstated |
| established | disturb |
| compromises | reputations |

WHAT SAYS?
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## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

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## 85. REVIEW

1. Is it $\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{k}$, or ck ?

_____an____-_elling attra_____ted
$\qquad$
2. Is it ch or tch?
pea____-y
sna__-_-
dispa_____er
3. Is it ge or dge?
stran $\qquad$
smu $\qquad$
porri $\qquad$
4. Is it 'ou' or 'ow'?
t____n
d____nt___n
5. Is it 'au' or 'aw'?
h
h____nches
____bum
sta_____ing
up_____eep
ben $\qquad$
crun_____iest

|  | VCe <br> syllable | Soft c or g | Cle | After v,s,z |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| delve |  |  |  |  |
| refute |  |  |  |  |
| sleeve |  |  |  |  |
| force |  |  |  |  |
| sparkle |  |  |  |  |
| disgrace |  |  |  |  |
| curse |  |  |  |  |
| trickle |  |  |  |  |
| intrude |  |  |  |  |
| departure |  |  |  |  |

7. Match these homophones.
_____meat
______bean
_____plane
_____maid
_____whether
$\qquad$ whole
$\qquad$ which
_____sun
_____there
$\qquad$ see
a. sea
b. made
c. been
d. son
e. witch
f. plain
g. their
h. hole
i. weather
j. meet
8. Choose the correct homophone.

| whether | weather | their | there |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| it's | its | your | you're |

a great day to take a walk along the boardwalk. We'll bring the dog with us, but don't forget leash. The
______________ is a little chilly today so don't forget to wear _______________ jacket. I'm not sure _____________o_ or not we'll have the time to drop by and see Jake and Janice, but we'll ring
 can get $\qquad$ soon.
9. Circle the suffixes. Circle the prefixes. Underline the common word endings. Underline the roots. Scoop the syllables.

| ribbon | happened |
| :--- | :--- |
| homage | ratchet |
| blossom | submitted |
| informal | citing |
| kingdoms | cities |
| seasoning | starriest |
| ventricle | compartmentalization |
| atomization | scribe |
| dredging | inscription |
| happen | subscription |

10. Is it a noun, or an adjective?

| Word | Noun | Adjective |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| geographical |  |  |
| humorous |  |  |
| popsicle |  |  |
| campus |  |  |
| mucus |  |  |
| particle |  |  |
| fibrous |  |  |
| magical |  |  |
| marvelous |  |  |
| impractical |  |  |

## WHAT SAYS?

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2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

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## 81. WORDS AND LISTS

| List 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| deform | reforming |
| formation | formulate |
| formal |  |


| List 2 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| subscribe | describe |
| insciption | scibble |
| transcribe |  |


| List 3 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| inspection | specify |
| suspect | special |
| prospect |  |

1. Scientists and chemists work with varying Formulas on a regular basis.
2. Did the doctor give you a prescription for the rash or did he suggest an over the counter medication?
3. The food inspector visited the Chinese restaurant down the street because
of rumours that some of the chicken wings didn't taste like chicken wings.

| List 4 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| reflection | deflect |
| flexibility | reflector |
| reflective |  |


| List $\mathbf{5}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| addict | indicative |
| contradict | dedicate |
| vindicate |  |


| List 6 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| spirit | transpire |
| expire | respirator |
| uninspiring |  |

1. The dictators of many countries around the world treat their citizens horribly and often imprison and torture them.
2. There are new conspiracy theories popping up every day about whether or not the government is telling the truth about alien visitors from outer space.
3. It is important to be flexible in the world of business today in order to keep up and compete with the ever-shrinking global community.
4. What is the weather person predicting for today's forecast, sun or rain?
5. When it's time for me to take a test or give a presentation I try to wear clothing that doesn't show how much I'm perspiring.

## REVIEW WORD LIST

| inflexible | psychological |
| :--- | :--- |
| disrespect | league |
| manuscript | indication |
| information | subscribe |
| punctual | formality |
| circumspect | reasoning |
| scribbling | caution |
| misinformation | specifications |
| pharmacy | campus |
| conspiring | ventricle |

WHAT SAYS?
1.
6.
2.
7.
3.
4.
5.
8.
9.
10.

## SPELLING AND SENTENCE DICTATION

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. 
5. 
6. 
7. 
8. 
9. 
10. 
11. 

## REVIEW

Latin root 'form' - to shape or form

Latin root 'script'/'scrib' - to write

Latin root 'spec'/'spect'/'spic' - to see

Latin root 'flect'/'flex' - to bend or curve

Latin root 'dic'/'dict' - to say or tell

Latin root 'spire'/'spir' - to breathe

## GLOSSARY

## IMPORTANT TERMS

## Vowels

The Vowels ( $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{e}, \mathrm{i}, \mathrm{o}, \mathrm{u}$ and sometimes y and w ) are always voiced. Our mouths are always open when we produce a vowel sound. Vowels can be long or short. The long vowel sound says the name of the vowel.
a, apple, /ă/a, cake, / $\overline{\mathrm{a}} / \mathrm{a}$, baby, $/ \overline{\mathrm{a}} /$

## Consonants

Consonants can be voiced or unvoiced. We stop a consonant sound by using our teeth, tongue or lips.

- b, boy, /b/c, cat, /k/ c, city, /s/d, dog, /d/
- f, fish, /f/ g, goat, /g/g, giraffe, /j/ h, hat, /h/
- j, jam, /j/ k, kite, /k/l, lamp, /l/ m, man, /m/
- n, nut, /n/ p, pan, /p/qu, queen, /q/r, rat, /r/
- s, sun, /s/ s, nose, /z/t, top, /t/v, vest, /v/
- w, wind, /w/ x, box, /ks/y, yo-yo, /y/ z, zebra, /z/


## Syllable

A syllable is a word or part of a word with a vowel sound. Every syllable has a vowel.

## Consonant blends

consonant blends are two or three consonants whose sounds are heard, but are said very closely together. Examples:
bl (blaze), br (broke), cl (clip), cr (crab), dr (drink), fl (floss), fr (frog), gl (glass), gr (grapes), pl (plate), pr (prince), sc (scarf), scr (scrape), sl (slip), sm (small) sn (snap), sp (spy), spl (splash), spr (spring), squ (squirt), st (stop), $\operatorname{str}$ (stripe), sw (swing).

## Diagraph

two letters that make one sound. Example: ch (chin, punch), ck (track), ph (phone, graph), sh (ship, wish), th (thumb, path), wh (whip).

## Trigraph

three letters that make one sound. Example, tch (witch), dge (fudge).

## Compound words

two words that combine to make a new word with new meaning. Examples: baseball, cupcake.

## Base word

A word that can stand alone and have meaning.
Examples: cat, fox, farm, hard, fun, wise

## Suffix

a morpheme (something that has meaning) that is added to the end of a base word and changes the meaning or function of the word. Examples: cats, foxes, farmer, faster, rented, hardest, revision, action, funny, wisely

## Prefix

a morpheme (something that has meaning) that is added to the beginning of a base word and changes the meaning or function of the word. Examples: abstract, adverb, convert, defend, interact, preposition, remake, subway, support, transatlantic

## Root

a morpheme (something that has meaning) that cannot always stand alone. A prefix, or suffix is added to a root to form a word. Examples: actor, inject, deport, inspect, suspicious

## Combining form

a morpheme (something that has meaning) that cannot stand alone. A prefix, suffix or other combining form is usually added to form a word. Examples: biography, geology, phonograph, photosynthesis

## Jobs of e

The letter 'e' has several jobs in the English language.

- It is used to make the long vowel sound in the v-e syllable type. Examples: cake, eve, bike, home, cube, flute
- It follows $\mathrm{z}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{v}$ at the end of words. Examples: close, give, maze
- It follows the letters c and g to make their soft sounds, $/ \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{and} / \mathrm{j} /$.

Examples: face, mice, age, lodge

- It is used in the Cle syllable type as a visual marker to show there is a vowel sound in this syllable which is unstressed. Examples: table, bicycle, candle, rifle, google, ankle, apple, castle, bottle

Schwa 'a'
Alaska - / ŭ/ - 'a' says /ŭ/ in an unstressed syllable Schwa 'o'
colony - / $\breve{u} /$ - 'o' says $/ \breve{\mathrm{u}} /$ in an unstressed syllable
Unstressed vowels
Any vowel can be unstressed, especially in the middle of a word. Be prepared to change a middle vowel sound to unstressed /ŭ/ to decode words. Examples: col/ o/ny, cel/e/brate.

Unstressed common word endings

- al says /ŭl/ Examples: metal, usual, final, typical, capital
- an says /ŭn/ Examples: toboggan, slogan, Canadian, American, turban
- en says /ĭn/ Examples: happen, fallen, forgotten, shaken
- et says /řt/ Examples: bonnet, jacket, basket, market
- om says /ŭm/ Examples: atom, boredom, bottom, custom
- on says /inn/ Examples: button, common, ribbon, harmony

Noun
a person, place, thing or idea.
Verb
an action word.

## Adjective

describes a noun.

## Adverb

describes a verb, an adjective or another adverb.
SPELLING GENERALIZATIONS \& RULES

## FLSZ Rule

in a one syllable word, where $\mathrm{f}, \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{z}$ follows a short vowel, double the $\mathrm{f}, \mathrm{l}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{z}$. Examples: cliff, bell, pass, buzz

## Cat/Kite rule

A $/ \mathrm{k} /$ sound at the beginning of a word is spelled with c when followed by $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{o}$, u or a consonant. $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{k} /$ sound at the beginning of a word is spelled with k when followed by e or i. Examples: cat, clip, crab, cut, cop, kit, keg
k-ck, rule
the $/ \mathrm{k} /$ sound at the end of a word is spelled with ck when it immediately follows a short vowel in a one syllable word. Examples: trick, shack, stuck, speck, lock

## ch-tch rule

the $/ \mathrm{ch} /$ sound at the end of a word is spelled with tch when it immediately follows a short vowel in a one syllable word. Examples: hutch, patch, witch, fetch, botch

## Rabbit rule

the middle consonant is doubled to protect the first vowel and keep the sound short in a closed syllable. Examples: rabbit, muffin, bitter. To keep the vowel sound short in a Cle syllable, the consonant must be doubled. Examples: scrabble, paddle, ruffle, toggle, apple, settle, fizzle)

## Gentle Cindy

c says /s/ when followed by e,i, or y. Examples: city, cent, cycle. g says /j/ when followed by e, i, or y. Examples: gem, giraffe, gym
er generalization
er is commonly used to spell the /er/ sound at the end of longer words. Examples: super, September, manner, remember.
se/ve/ze generalization
e follows the letter s (note: NOT suffix s), v and e at the end of words. Examples: horse, pave, maze

1+1+1 doubling (CVC) rule
This rule states that when you have a 1 syllable base word with 1 vowel followed by 1 consonant, you will double the consonant when adding a vowel suffix $(1+1+1)$. Examples: funny, hottest, winner
ge-dge rule
the $/ \mathrm{j} /$ sound at the end of words will be spelled with dge when it immediately follows a short vowel. Examples: bridge, fudge, pledge, dodge, badge

Drop the 'e' generalization
when a word ends with the letter 'e', and a vowel suffix is added, drop the e and then add the vowel suffix. Examples: driver, wisest, making, wavy
oi-oy generalization
/oi/ is spelled oy at the end of words and oi everywhere else. Examples: oily, spoiled, boy, alloy. exception - oyster

## ai-ay generalization

$/ \bar{a} /$ is spelled ay at the end of words and ai everywhere else. Examples: fail, trail, airway, playing
ou-ow Spelling Pattern Generalization
Spell /ou/ with ou in the middle of words. Spell /ou/ with ow at the end of words or when the word ends in /n/ or /l/ (brown owl). Example: The brown dog howled at the moon. Exception - foul.

## au-aw Spelling Pattern Generalization

Spell /ŏ/ with aw at the end of words or when the word ends in /n/ or / $1 /$ Example: The traffic had drawn to a crawl. Exception haul. Note: There are no words in the English language that end with $u$.

## Change the y Part 1: plurals

Change "y to an i and add es". (baby, babies; lady, ladies). Change " $y$ to an i and add es". Example: carry - he carries; she carries; it carries

## Change the y Part 2: suffixes

Change "y to i and add es", in an open syllable for all suffixes except - ing. Example: (try - tries, trying) In a vowel team syllable just add the suffix, do not change y to i. Example: play, played, playing
tial/cial Spelling Pattern Generalization
Use -tial -tian after a consonant, especially, after ' $n$ ' in substantial, essential, and ' $r$ ' in partial. Use -cial -cian after a vowel, like after the vowel 'o' in social, 'e' in special, ' $i$ ' in beneficial.

## Spelling Pattern ous/us

Words that are adjectives end in 'ous'. Words that are nouns end in 'us'.

Spelling Pattern cal/cle
Words that are adjectives end in 'cal'. Words that are nouns end in 'cle'.

## SYLLABLE TYPES

Closed
a closed syllable has a vowel followed by 1 or 2 consonants. The vowel sound is short. Examples: bath, test, kit, chop, stump

V-e
the V-e syllable has a vowel followed by a consonant followed by the letter e. The vowel sound is long. This is a job of e. Examples: cake, eve, bike, home, cube, flute

## Open

the open syllable ends in a vowel. The vowel sound is long. Examples: hi, me, go, flu, ba/by, mu/sic

R-controlled
the r-controlled syllable has a vowel followed by the letter r. The r-controlled syllables are ar, or, ir, ur, er. Examples: car, horn, fern, bird, nurse

Vowel Team Syllable
the vowel team syllable is when more than one vowel is working together to make a vowel sound. Examples: rain, vault, lawn, play, meat, steak, bread, feet,
receive, eight, sleuth, feud, few, drew, key, they, pie, light, boat, toe, join, joy, moon, book, found, soup, snow, plow, cue, true

## Cle Syllable

the consonant le syllable is a consonant followed by le. Count back 3 letters from the end to divide these syllables from others. This is another job of e. Example: table, bicycle, tickle, candle, rifle, google, ankle, apple, castle, bottle

SUFFIXES
-able /ŭblə/
means 'able' or 'can do'
-age/ŭj/
forms nouns
-ance /ŭns/
forms nouns
-cal /kəl/
forms adjectives
-ed (/ěd/,/d/, /t/)
means 'in the past'.
-en (/Әn/)
means 'pertaining to"
-ence /ŭns/
forms nouns.
-er - /er/
means 'one who does something' or 'comparing two people/things'.

- es - /Әs/
means more than one or creates a verb.
-est - / $\partial \mathrm{st}$ /
compares three or more people/things.
-ful - /fəI/
means 'full of' or 'ful'l.
-ible/ĭblə/
means 'able' or 'can do'.
-ing - /ing/
means 'happening now'.
-less - /IӘs/
means 'without'.
-ly - /lē/
forms adverbs.
-ment - /mint/
forms nouns.
-ous - /ŭs/
means 'full of' or 'being' and forms adjectives.

> -s - (/s/, /z/)
means more than one or creates a verb.
-sion - (/shun/, /zhun/)
forms nouns.
-tion - /shun/
forms nouns.
$-\mathbf{y}-/ \overline{\mathbf{e}} /$
means 'full of' or 'cute one/dear one'.

## PREFIXES

ab - /ăb/
means 'from' or 'away'
de - /dē/
means 'do the opposite' or 'out of'
dis - /dǐs/
means 'not' or 'apart from'
inter - /innter/
means 'between'
non - /nŏn/
means 'not'
pre-/prē/
means 'before'
pro - /prō/
means 'before', 'forward', or 'for'
re - /rē/
means 'back' or 'again'
trans - /trans/
means 'across' or 'beyond'
un - /ŭn/
means 'not'

Chameleon ad - /ăd/
means 'to', 'toward', 'in, or 'near' af - /ăf/; ag - /ăg/; al - /ăl/; an - /ăn/; ap /ăp/; as - /ăs/; at - /ăt/

Chameleon con; com; cor; col
says /kom/ /kon/ kor/ /kol/and means 'with' or 'together'
Chameleon in; im; il; ir
says /ĭn/, /ĭm/, /îl/, /ĭr/ and means 'not' or 'into'

Chameleon sub; suc; suf; sup; sus
says /sŭb/, /sŭc/, /sŭf/, /sŭp/, /sŭs/ and means 'under', or 'below'

## SYLLABLE DIVISION PATTERNS

VC/CV
the syllable divides between the consonants

## VC/CCV, VCC/CV And VCCCCV

the syllable division depends on where consonants blends and diagraphs are in the word. Keep blends and diagraphs together.

VCE/CV
the syllable divides after the e.
V/CV
if the first syllable divides after the first vowel, the vowel has a long vowel sound.
VC/V
if the first syllable divides after the consonant the vowel has a short vowel sound.

## ANGLO-SAXON LAYER IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

- Many vowel teams indicate the Anglo-Saxon layer in the English language. ai $/ \bar{a} /$ au /ŏ/ aw /ŏ/ ay $/ \bar{a} /$ ea (/ē/ /ĕ/, /ā/) ee /ē/ ei (/ē/, / $\overline{\mathrm{a}} /$ ) eigh /a/
ew (/oo/, / $\overline{\mathrm{u}} /$ )
ey (/ $\overline{\mathrm{e}} /, / \overline{\mathrm{a}} /$ )
ie (/ $\overline{\mathrm{e}} /, / \overline{\mathrm{i}} /$ )
igh / $\overline{\mathrm{I}} /$
oa / $\bar{o} /$
oe $/ \bar{o} /$
oi /oi/
oy /oi/
ou /ou/
ow (/ō/, /ou/)
ue (/oo/, / $\overline{\mathrm{u}} /$ )
- Many silent letter combinations indicate the Anglo-Saxon layer in the English language.
gh says /g/ as in ghost
gn says /n/ as in sign
kn says /n/ as in knight
mb says $/ \mathrm{m}$ / as in thumb
mn says $/ \mathrm{m}$ / as in hymn
wr says /r/ as in wring


## LATIN LAYER IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

- The 'ct' ending in words indicates the Latin layer in the English language.
- The 'ic' ending in words indicates the Latin layer in the English language and is used at the end of words with more than one syllable.
- Latin connectives: ci - sh; ti - /sh/; tu - /choo/

LATIN ROOTS
Latin root dic/dict
means 'to say' or 'tell'
Latin root flect/flex
means 'to curve' or 'bend'

Latin root ject - /jĕkt/
means 'to throw'

Latin root struct - /strŭkt/
means 'to build'

Latin root tract - /trăkt/
means 'to pull'
Latin root rupt - /rŭpt/
means 'to break' or 'burst'
Latin root port - /port/
means 'to carry'
Latin root mis/mit
means 'to send'

Latin root scrib/script
means 'to write'

Latin root spec/spect/spic
'to see', 'watch' or 'observe'

Latin root spir/spire
means 'to breathe'

## FRENCH LAYER IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

- The digraph 'ch' has a different sound
ch says /sh/ as in chef
- These silent letter combinations reflect the French influence in the English language:
gue says /g/ as in vague
que says $/ \mathrm{k} /$ as in antique


## GREEK LAYER IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

- sc says /s/ as in science
- When y says / $\mathbf{i} /$ as in gym, this is the Greek influence in the English language.
- These silent letter combinations reflect the Greek influence in the English language:
ch says $/ \mathrm{k}$ / as in chemical ph says /f/ as in phone
ps says /s/ as in psychology
pn says / $\mathrm{n} /$ as in pneumonia


## GREEK COMBINING FORMS

bio
says /bīō/ and means 'life';
geo
says / jē̄o/ and means 'earth';
graph/gram
says /graf/ and means 'written' or 'drawn';
(o) logy
says /ŏlŏjē/ and means 'study' or 'science o'f;
meter/metr
says /mēter/and means 'measure';
phon(o)
says /fōnō/ and means 'sound';
photo
says /fōtō/ and means 'light';
tele
says /tělĕ/ and means 'distant';


[^0]:    Example of how to scoop and identify vowels and consonants

